# Management's Discussion and Analysis

# Timbercreek Financial

For the three months ended March 31, 20 47



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For the three months ended March 31, 2020
In thousands of Canadian dollars, except units, per unit amounts and where otherwise noted

## FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

## Forward-looking statement advisory

The terms, the "Company", "we", "us" and "our" in the following Management Discussion & Analysis ("MD&A") refer to Timbercreek Financial Corp. (the "Company" or "Timbercreek Financial"). This MD&A may contain forward-looking statements relating to anticipated future events, results, circumstances, performance or expectations that are not historical facts but instead represent our beliefs regarding future events. These statements are typically identified by expressions like "believe", "expects", "anticipates", "would", "will", "intends", "projected", "in our opinion" and other similar expressions. By their nature, forward-looking statements require us to make assumptions which include, among other things, that (i) the Company will have sufficient capital under management to effect its investment strategies and pay its targeted dividends to shareholders, (ii) the investment strategies will produce the results intended by Timbercreek Asset Management Inc., (the "Manager), (iii) the markets will react and perform in a manner consistent with the investment strategies and (iv) the Company is able to invest in mortgages and other investments of a quality that will generate returns that meet and/or exceed the Company's targeted investment returns.

Forward-looking statements are subject to inherent risks and uncertainties. There is significant risk that predictions and other forward-looking statements will prove not to be accurate. We caution readers of this MD&A not to place undue reliance on our forward-looking statements as a number of factors could cause actual future results, conditions, actions or events to differ materially from the targets, expectations, estimates or intentions expressed or implied in the forward-looking statements. Actual results may differ materially from management expectations as projected in such forward-looking statements for a variety of reasons, including but not limited to, general market conditions, interest rates, regulatory and statutory developments, the effects of competition in areas that the Company may invest in and the risks detailed from time to time in the Company's public disclosures. For more information on risks, please refer to the "Risks and Uncertainties" section in this MD&A, and the "Risk Factors" section of our Annual Information Form ("AIF"), which can be found on the System for Electronic Document Analysis and Retrieval ("SEDAR") website at www.sedar.com.

We caution that the foregoing list of factors is not exhaustive and that when relying on forward-looking statements to make decisions with respect to investing in the Company, investors and others should carefully consider these factors, as well as other uncertainties and potential events and the inherent uncertainty of forward-looking statements. Due to the potential impact of these factors, the Company and the Manager do not undertake, and specifically disclaim any intention or obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, unless required by applicable law.

This MD&A is dated May 4, 2020. Disclosure contained in this MD&A is current to that date, unless otherwise noted. Additional information on the Company, its dividend reinvestment plan and its mortgage investments is available on the Company's website at <a href="https://www.timbercreekfinancial.com">www.timbercreekfinancial.com</a>. Additional information about the Company, including its AIF, can be found at <a href="https://www.sedar.com">www.sedar.com</a>.

#### **BUSINESS OVERVIEW**

Timbercreek Financial Corp. is a leading non-bank lender providing financing solutions to qualified real estate investors who are generally in a transitional phase of the investment process.

Timbercreek Financial fulfills a financing requirement that is not well serviced by the commercial banks: primarily shorter duration, structured financing. Real estate investors typically use short-term mortgages to bridge a period (generally one to five years) during which they conduct property repairs, redevelop the property or purchase another investment. These short-term "bridge" mortgages are typically repaid with traditional bank mortgages (lower cost and longer-term debt) once the transitional period is over, a restructuring is complete or from proceeds generated on the sale of assets. Timbercreek Financial focuses primarily on lending against income-producing real estate such

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as multi-residential, retail and office properties. This emphasis on cash-flowing properties is an important risk management strategy.

Timbercreek Financial, through its Manager, has established preferred lender status with many active real estate investors by providing quick execution on investment opportunities and by providing flexible terms to borrowers. Timbercreek Financial works with borrowers throughout the terms of their mortgages to ensure that their capital requirements are met and, if requested, considers modifications of or extensions to the terms of their mortgages to accommodate additional opportunities that may arise or changes that may occur.

The Company is, and intends to continue to be, qualified as a mortgage investment corporation ("MIC") as defined under Section 130.1(6) of the Income Tax Act (Canada) ("ITA").

## **BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

This MD&A has been prepared to provide information about the financial results of the Company for the three months ended March 31, 2020. This MD&A should be read in conjunction with the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2020 and 2019, and the audited consolidated financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, which are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

The functional and reporting currency of the Company is Canadian dollars and unless otherwise specified, all amounts in this MD&A are in thousands of Canadian dollars, except per share and other non-financial data.

Copies of these documents have been filed electronically with securities regulators in Canada through SEDAR and may be accessed through the SEDAR website at <a href="https://www.sedar.com">www.sedar.com</a>.

#### **NON-IFRS MEASURES**

The Company prepares and releases unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements in accordance with IFRS. In this MD&A, as a complement to results provided in accordance with IFRS, the Company discloses certain financial measures not recognized under IFRS and that do not have standard meanings prescribed by IFRS (collectively the "non-IFRS measures").

The Company has presented such non-IFRS measures because the Manager believes they are relevant measures of the Company's ability to earn and distribute recurring cash flows and earnings for dividends and provide a clearer understanding of the Company's financial performance.

The Company's financial performance is predominately generated from net investment income from net mortgage investments. The Company may enter into certain mortgage participation agreements with other institutional lenders, where such agreements may provide for the Company's participation either on a pari passu basis or in a subordinated position with one or more institutional syndication partners. For IFRS presentation purposes, where the derecognition criteria are not met, mortgage investments are reported on a gross basis, with the portion related to the syndicated mortgages being included in the mortgage investments, including mortgage syndications and a corresponding liability as mortgage syndication liabilities. Mortgage syndication liabilities are non-recourse mortgages with period to period variances not impacting the Company's performance. Refer to note 4 of the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements. The relevant factors causing period to period variances include net mortgage principal amounts, portfolio allocation, weighted average interest rate and turnover rate.

These non-IFRS measures should not be construed as alternatives to total net income and comprehensive income or cash flows from operating activities as determined in accordance with IFRS.

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#### Non-IFRS financial measures for net mortgage investments:

- Net mortgage investments represents total mortgage investments, net of mortgage syndication liabilities and before adjustments for interest receivable, unamortized lender fees and allowance for mortgage investments loss as at the reporting date.
- ii. Weighted average loan-to-value ("WALTV") a measure of advanced and unadvanced mortgage commitments on a mortgage investment, including priority or pari-passu debt on the underlying real estate, as a percentage of the fair value of the underlying real estate collateral at the time of approval of the mortgage investment. For construction/redevelopment mortgage investments, fair value is based on an "as completed" basis. For unimproved land property, fair value is based on an "as is" basis. Net mortgage investments measured at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL") are excluded from weighted average loan-to-value computation. This is a key measure to explain period to period performance variances of net mortgage investments.
- iii. Turnover ratio represents total net mortgage investments repayments during the stated period, expressed as a percentage of the average net mortgage investment portfolio for the stated period. The Company makes mortgages or loans to only commercial borrowers that are short-term (generally one to five years), as such the portfolio turnover rate is higher than typical mortgage portfolios which include individual or non-commercial borrower loans. This is a key measure to explain period to period performance variances of net mortgage investments as turnover from both scheduled and early repayments impacts revenue.
- iv. Weighted average interest rate for the period represents the weighted average of daily interest rates (not including lender fees) on the net mortgage investments for the daily period. As a result, the Company complements IFRS measures (which presents financial positions as a point of time basis) with weighted daily average data to explain significant variances. This is a key measure to explain period to period performance variances of net mortgage investments.
- v. Weighted average lender fees for the period represents the cash lender fees received on individual mortgage investments during the stated period, expressed as a percentage of the Company's advances on those mortgage investments. If the entire lender fee is received but the mortgage investment is not fully funded, the denominator is adjusted to include the Company's unadvanced commitment. As a result, the Company complements IFRS measures (which presents financial positions as a point of time basis) with weighted average data to explain significant variances. This is a key measure to explain period to period performance variances of net mortgage investments as lender fees is one of the main contributors to net investment income and distributable income.
- vi. Average net mortgage investment portfolio represents the daily average of net mortgage investments for the stated period. As a result, the Company complements IFRS measures (which presents financial positions as a point of time basis) with weighted daily average data to explain significant variances. This is a key measure to explain period to period performance variances of net mortgage investments as average net mortgage investment portfolio is a basis for interest income earned during the period.
- vii. Enhanced return portfolio represents other investments and net equity in investment properties not included in net mortgage investments.

#### Non-IFRS financial measures for Company's assessment of its distribution paying capacity:

It is the Company's view that IFRS net income does not necessarily provide a complete measure of the Company's recurring operating performance as IFRS net income includes non-cash items such as amortization of lender fees, amortization of financing costs, fair value changes, net operating gain/loss on FPHFS and allowance for mortgage investments loss, which are not representative of recurring operating performance. Distributable income is a non-IFRS financial measure of recurring cash flows based on the definition set forth by the Company.

Distributable income is computed as IFRS consolidated net income adjusted for the earlier mentioned items, calculated on an IFRS basis. The Company uses Distributable Income in assessing its dividend paying capacity. A

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reconciliation of the distributable income is provided in "Analysis of Financial Information for the Period" section of the MD&A.

Payout ratio on distributable income is a non-IFRS financial measure of the Company's ability to generate recurring cash flows for dividends. Payout ratio on earnings per share, where earnings is calculated on an IFRS basis, is a common measure of the sustainability of a company's dividend payments and is useful when comparing it to other companies of similar industries.

- i. Distributable income represents the Company's ability to generate recurring cash flows for dividends by removing the effect of amortization, accretion, unrealized fair value adjustments, allowance for mortgage investments loss, and unrealized gain or loss from total net income and comprehensive income.
- ii. Distributable income per share represents the total distributable income divided by the weighted average common outstanding shares for the stated period.
- iii. Payout ratio on distributable income represents total common share dividends paid and declared for payment, divided by distributable income for the stated period.
- iv. Payout ratio on earnings per share represents total common share dividends paid and declared for payment, divided by total net income and comprehensive income for the stated period.
- v. Adjusted net income and comprehensive income represents adjusted net income and comprehensive income for the stated period to exclude the impact from fair value gain/(loss) on derivative contract (interest rate swap) used for hedging purposes but hedge accounting was not adopted. The fair value gain/(loss) represents the change in unrealized appreciation or depreciation of fair value of the interest rate swap, determined based on the fair value that the Company would pay or receive if the interest rate swap had been terminated as at the reporting date.
- vi. Adjusted earnings per share adjusted earnings per share is calculated in the same manner as earnings per share using adjusted net income and comprehensive income for the stated period.
- vii. Payout ratio on adjusted earnings per share represents total common share dividends paid and declared for payment, divided by adjusted net income and comprehensive income for the stated period.

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## RECENT DEVELOPMENTS AND OUTLOOK

The Company's results for the first quarter of 2020 were solid, and the portfolio activity and operating metrics were largely unaffected by the COVID-19 pandemic, given that business conditions were basically unchanged until mid-March. Since that time, the entire Timbercreek Financial team has successfully moved to a remote work environment, with limited business interruption.

From a portfolio perspective, we have discussed the potential for a change in the economic cycle for some time and have de-risked the portfolio over the past several years, decreasing the average loan-to-value and increasing the percentage of first mortgages, as an example. Although the extent and duration of the COVID-19 crisis – and resulting economic downturn – are currently unknown and rapidly evolving, we are monitoring its effects on the loan portfolio and borrower clients very closely. The impact on the interest and principal payments for April 2020 was negligible, and there have been no material signs of deterioration in the portfolio to date. In this environment, we believe some of the loans coming due will likely have to be extended. However, loans that we extend generate fee income for our shareholders and the Company's capital will continue to be deployed at attractive rates.

Although there are a considerable number of unknowns with regards to the pandemic, we believe Timbercreek Financial's capital base and investment portfolio are positioned well to navigate the environment. Moreover, times of volatility can create attractive opportunities in the private lending space as borrowers seek transaction certainty in an uncertain market. With a stable capital base and strong market presence, we are seeing increased transaction flow, but will continue to be highly selective, applying our rigorous risk management processes with full consideration of the changing market dynamics.

#### PORTFOLIO ACTIVITY

Q1 2020 transaction activity was in-line with our expectations, both in terms of originations and repayments. The Company funded 12 new net mortgage investments totaling \$96.5 million and made additional advances of \$30.2 million. Portfolio turnover decreased to a more typical level of 14.8%, compared with 26.0% in Q4 2019. The net value of the mortgage portfolio, excluding syndications, was \$1,191.1 million at the end of Q1 2020, a decrease of \$53.0 million from Q4 2019. The amount drawn on the credit facility funding mortgage investments was \$403.0 million at the end of Q1 2020, compared to \$461.0 million at the end of Q4 2019. With approximately \$100.0 million undrawn on the credit facility, Timbercreek Financial was in a strong position of liquidity entering April.

At the end of Q1 2020, the enhanced return portfolio was \$78.0 million, which included \$61.1 million of other investments, and \$16.9 million of net equity in investment properties, representing 5.9% of total assets, net of syndications.

Capital preservation is a primary investment objective for Timbercreek, and this serves us well in periods of economic weakness. Our risk management strategy includes a focus on lending to income-producing assets, an emphasis on first mortgages and focus on urban centres. Although higher interest and fees can be earned by investing in higher-risk loans, our focus is primarily on income-producing, lower-risk segments of the market such as multi-residential apartment buildings. These types of commercial assets benefit from having a diversified pool of rent-paying tenants. Overall, the portfolio should be better positioned to protect capital and maintain its income characteristics than if it had a higher component of land and construction (i.e. non-income-producing real estate), or a lower percentage of first mortgages. We currently have zero exposure to hotels and limited exposure to tertiary markets (including resort towns), favouring large urban markets instead.

At the end of Q1 2020, 85.2% of the mortgage investments were secured by income-producing properties, compared to 86.8% in Q4 2019. Multi-residential real estate assets (apartment buildings) comprise the largest portion of the portfolio at 54.2% at quarter end, compared to 54.1% in Q4 2019.

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Our exposure to first mortgages was 93.1% of the net mortgage portfolio at quarter end, compared to 90.5% in Q4 2019. Our current weighted average loan-to-value ratio was 69.6%, consistent with Q4 2019 and in line with our expectations for the portfolio. Our weighted average interest rate for the period was 7.2% in Q1 2020 with an exit rate of 7.1% as at March 31, 2020, compared with 7.2% in Q4 2019 and an exit rate of 7.1% as at December 31, 2019.

Weighted average interest rate in the existing portfolio is well protected at the end of Q1 2020 with 19.8% fixed rate exposure and floating rate loans with rate floors representing 79.2% (Q4 2019 - 71.0% and Q1 2019 – 54.2%). The high percentage of floating rate loans with rate floors has muted the impact of recent interest rate cuts. The portfolio's run-rate weighted average interest rate is down less than 10 basis points (versus what it would have been), after the 150 basis point cumulative reductions in the Bank of Canada rate in March 2020.

The net mortgage portfolio remains heavily weighted towards Canada's largest provinces, with approximately 97.3% of the mortgage portfolio invested in Ontario, British Columbia, Alberta and Quebec, the majority of which are in urban markets that generally experience better real estate liquidity and thus offer a better risk profile.

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# FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS **FINANCIAL POSITION**

As at	March 31, 2020		Ma	arch 31, 2019	9 December 31, 2019		
KEY FINANCIAL POSITION INFORMATION							
Mortgage investments <sup>1</sup>	\$	1,667,223	\$	1,733,979	\$	1,667,686	
Other investments	\$	61,126	\$	79,955	\$	61,520	
Investment properties	\$	47,502	\$	46,598	\$	47,349	
Total assets	\$	1,792,574	\$	1,878,263	\$	1,797,506	
Credit facility (mortgage investments)	\$	401,936	\$	486,113	\$	459,767	
Credit facility (investment properties)	\$	30,626	\$	32,798	\$	30,622	
Convertible debentures	\$	133,391	\$	131,952	\$	133,033	
Total liabilities <sup>1</sup>	\$	1,070,751	\$	1,158,970	\$	1,069,114	
CAPITAL STRUCTURE							
Shareholders' equity	\$	721,823	\$	719,293	\$	728,392	
Convertible debentures, par	\$	136,800	\$	136,800	\$	136,800	
Credit facility limit	\$	530,690	\$	533,277	\$	530,690	
COMMON SHARE INFORMATION							
Number of common shares outstanding		83,265,384		82,122,759		83,254,130	
Closing trading price	\$	7.09	\$	9.38	\$	9.93	
Market capitalization	\$	590,352	\$	770,311	\$	826,714	

<sup>1.</sup> Includes mortgage syndications (note 4(a)) and mortgage syndication liabilities of \$479.6 million as at March 31, 2020 (March 31, 2019 -\$494.6 million, December 31, 2019 - \$426.9 million).

# OPERATING RESULTS<sup>1</sup>

	Three months ended			Year ended	
			March 31,	Dec	cember 31,
	2020		2019		2019
Net investment income	\$ 24,088	\$	24,512	\$	99,437
Net rental income	\$ 360	\$	316	\$	1,440
Income from operations	\$ 20,284	\$	20,732	\$	85,014
Other income, net	\$ _	\$	413	\$	413
Net income and comprehensive income	\$ 7,425	\$	13,134	\$	54,740
Adjusted for:					
Fair value loss on derivative contract (interest rate swap)	\$ 5,804	\$	_	\$	_
Adjusted net income and comprehensive income <sup>1</sup>	\$ 13,229	\$	13,134	\$	54,740
Earnings per share (basic and diluted)	\$ 0.09	\$	0.16	\$	0.66
Adjusted earnings per share (basic and diluted) <sup>1</sup>	\$ 0.16	\$	0.16	\$	0.66
Dividends to shareholders	\$ 14,375	\$	14,120	\$	57,078
Dividends per common share	\$ 0.173	\$	0.173	\$	0.690
Payout ratio on earnings per share <sup>1,2</sup>	193.6%		107.5%		104.3%
Payout ratio on adjusted earnings per share <sup>1</sup>	108.7%		107.5%		104.3%
Distributable income	\$ 14,394	\$	14,208	\$	59,341
Distributable income per share	\$ 0.17	\$	0.17	\$	0.72
Payout ratio on distributable income <sup>2</sup>	99.9%		99.4%		96.2%

<sup>1.</sup> Refer to non-IFRS measures section.

Excluding other income of \$413 in Q1 2019, the payout ratio on earnings per share would have been 111.0%. and payout ratio on distributable income would have been 102.4%.

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For the three months ended March 31, 2020 ("Q1 2020") and March 31, 2019 ("Q1 2019")

- The Company funded 12 new net mortgage investments (Q1 2019 14) totaling \$96.5 million (Q1 2019 \$145.2 million), and made additional advances on existing mortgage investments totaling \$30.2 million (Q1 2019 \$7.2 million). The weighted average interest rate on new net mortgage investments was 6.3% and new funding mainly comprised \$71.5 million in multi-residential investments. The Company fully discharged 10 mortgage investments (Q1 2019 10) and partially discharged mortgage investments totaling \$178.9 million (Q1 2019 \$134.3 million). Weighted average interest rate on fully discharged net mortgage investment was 6.7%. The quarterly weighted average interest rate on net mortgage investment remained consistent at 7.2% in Q1 2020 compared to 7.2% in Q4 2019 (Q1 2019 7.2%).
- Other investments within the enhanced return portfolio was \$61.1 million (December 31, 2019 \$61.5 million), a net decrease of \$0.4 million in the quarter.
- Net investment income was relatively stable with a \$0.4 million decrease quarter over quarter (\$24.1 million in Q1 2020 compared to \$24.5 million in Q1 2019). Comparing the periods, 2020 saw increased lender fee income of approximately \$0.6 million offset by a decrease of approximately \$1.0 million due to lower interest income and a fair value adjustment.
- Income from operations saw a \$0.4 million decrease quarter over quarter (\$20.3 million in Q1 2020 compared to \$20.7 million in Q1 2019) as a result of the \$0.4 million reduction in net investment income.
- Non-refundable cash lender fees were \$2.2 million (Q1 2019 \$1.8 million). The quarterly weighted average lender fees on new and renewed mortgages during the quarter was 0.8% (Q1 2019 0.8%), while the quarterly weighted average lender fee on new mortgages only for the quarter was 1.1% (Q1 2019 1.1%)
- The Company recorded \$5.8 million in fair value loss from a 2-year interest rate swap contract (the "Contract") entered in December 2019. The fair value loss or gain relating to the Contract is recorded in accordance with IFRS, which will expire at par upon maturity. Refer to note 6(a) of the interim condensed consolidated financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2020 and 2019.
- Excluding the fair value loss arising from the Contract, the Company generated adjusted net income and comprehensive income of \$13.2 million (Q1 2019 \$13.1 million) or adjusted earnings per share of \$0.16 basic and diluted (Q1 2019 \$0.16 basic and diluted). The Company declared \$14.4 million in dividends (Q1 2019 \$14.1 million) to common shareholders, a payout ratio of 108.7% (Q1 2019 107.5%) on an adjusted earnings per share basis.
- General and administrative expense remained consistent at \$0.5 million (Q1 2019 \$0.4 million).
- Weighted average interest rate in the existing portfolio is well protected at the end of Q1 2020 with 19.8% fixed rate exposure and floating rate loans with rate floors representing 79.2% (Q4 2019 71.0% and Q1 2019 54.2%).
- The Company generated distributable income of \$14.4 million (Q1 2019 \$14.2 million) or distributable income
  per share of \$0.17 (Q1 2019 \$0.17), a payout ratio of 99.9% (Q1 2019 99.4%) on a distributable income
  basis.
- On March 26, 2020, the Company announced that the TSX approved the Company's normal course issuer bid (the "NCIB") to repurchase for cancellation up to 8,309,785 common shares over a 12-month period. The NCIB commenced on March 30, 2020. During Q1 2020, the Company repurchased 106,564 common shares (Q1 2019 nil) for total amount of \$753 (Q1 2019 nil) at an average price of \$7.07 per common share on the trade date basis, which were settled and canceled subsequent to March 31, 2020.

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# ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION FOR THE PERIOD **DISTRIBUTABLE INCOME**

	Three months ended				Year ended	
				March 31,	D	ecember 31,
		2020		2019		2019
Net income and comprehensive income	\$	7,425	\$	13,133	\$	54,740
Less: amortization of lender fees		(2,500)		(1,907)		(10,029)
Add: lender fees received and receivable		2,234		1,787		10,039
Add: amortization of financing costs, credit facility		215		413		1,655
Add: amortization of financing costs, debentures		297		294		1,191
Add: accretion expense, debentures		61		61		244
Add: unrealized fair value loss on derivative contract (interest rate swap)		5,804		_		_
Add: net unrealized loss on investments measured at FVTPL		491		33		188
Add: allowance for mortgage investments loss		367		394		1,313
Distributable income <sup>1</sup>	\$	14,394	\$	14,208		59,341
Less: dividends on common shares		(14,375)		(14,120)		(57,078)
Under (over) distribution	\$	19	\$	88	\$	2,263
Weighted average common shares during the period	83	3,316,802	8	1,773,451		82,663,775
Distributable income per share	\$	0.17	\$	0.17	\$	0.72
Payout ratio on distributable income <sup>2</sup>		99.9%		99.4%		96.2%
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Refer to non-IFRS measures section.

The distributable income reconciliation above provides a link between the Company's IFRS reporting requirements and its ability to generate recurring cash flows for dividends.

## STATEMENT OF NET INCOME AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	Three months ended			Year ended	
			March 31,	Dec	cember 31,
	2020		2019		2019
Net investment income	\$ 24,088	\$	24,512	\$	99,437
Net rental income	360		316		1,440
Expenses	(4,164)		(4,095)		(15,863)
Income from operations	20,284		20,733		85,014
Other income, net	_		413		413
Financing costs:					
Financing cost on credit facilities	(4,855)		(5,816)		(21,886)
Financing cost on convertible debentures	(2,200)		(2,196)		(8,801)
Fair value loss on derivative contract (interest rate swap)	(5,804)		_		_
Net income and comprehensive income	\$ 7,425	\$	13,134	\$	54,740
Adjusted for:					
Fair value loss on derivative contract (interest rate swap)	5,804		_		_
Adjusted net income and comprehensive income <sup>1</sup>	\$ 13,229	\$	13,134	\$	54,740
Earnings per share					
Basic and Diluted	\$ 0.09	\$	0.16	\$	0.66
Adjusted earnings per share <sup>1</sup>					
Basic and Diluted	\$ 0.16	\$	0.16	\$	0.66

<sup>1.</sup> Refer to non-IFRS measures section.

Excluding other income of \$413 in Q1 2019, the payout ratio on distributable income would have been 102.4%.

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#### Net investment income

For analysis purposes, net interest income and its component parts are discussed net of payments made on account of mortgage syndications to provide the reader with a more representative reflection of the Company's performance.

For Q1 2020, the Company earned net investment income of \$24.1 million (Q1 2019 – \$24.5 million). Net investment income includes the following:

#### a. Interest income

During Q1 2020, the Company earned interest income on net mortgage investments of \$20.9 million (Q1 2019 – \$20.6 million). The weighted average interest rate on net mortgage investments during Q1 2020 remained consistent at 7.2% compared to 7.2% in Q1 2019. Overall increase in interest income on net mortgage investment is attributable to higher average net mortgage investment portfolio of \$1,219.4 million during Q1 2020, compared to \$1,147.8 million during Q1 2019.

During Q1 2020, the Company earned \$1.0 million (Q1 2019 - \$2.0 million) of interest income on collateralized loans in other investments in the enhanced return portfolio. The decrease quarter over quarter is primarily due to discharges during 2019 resulting in a lower average collateralized loans portfolio of \$46.4 million during Q1 2020, compared to \$70.6 million during Q1 2019.

#### b. Lender fee income

For Q1 2020, the Company recorded non-refundable upfront cash lender fees of \$2.2 million (Q1 2019 – \$1.8 million), or a weighted average lender fee on new and renewed mortgages of 0.8% (Q1 2019 – 0.8%). Lender fees are received upfront and are amortized to income over the life of the respective loan, using the effective interest rate method. For Q1 2020, lender fees of \$2.5 million were amortized to lender fee income (Q1 2019 – \$1.9 million).

Higher lender fee received during the 2019 fiscal year resulted into higher lender fee income during Q1 2020 in comparison to Q1 2019, and acceleration of lender fee income recognition due to earlier than scheduled repayments of net mortgage investments resulted in additional lender fee income during Q1 2020.

Lender fees continue to be a significant component of income as a result of mortgage investment origination and turnover.

#### c. Other income

During Q1 2020, the Company incurred other loss of \$390 (Q1 2019 - other income of \$75), primarily attributable to increase in fair value of investment measured at FVTPL of \$176, offset by decrease in fair value of mortgages classified at FVTPL of \$666.

#### Net rental income from investment properties

The net rental income from investment properties for Q1 2020 was \$360 (Q1 2019 - \$316). The increase in net rental income was due to an increase in the gross rental income upon completion of development activities in 2019, as well as an overall reduction in the vacancy rates.

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## **Expenses**

#### Management fees

The management fee is equal to 0.85% per annum of the gross assets of the Company, calculated and paid monthly in arrears, plus applicable taxes. Gross assets are defined as the total assets of the Company less unearned revenue before deducting any liabilities, less any amounts that are reflected as mortgage syndication liabilities.

For Q1 2020, the Company incurred management fees of \$3.1 million (Q1 2019 – \$3.1 million). The average gross assets was \$1,329.8 million in Q1 2020, compared to \$1,342.6 million in Q1 2019.

#### Servicing fees

As part of the management agreement, the Manager is entitled to a servicing fee equal to 0.10% per annum, plus applicable taxes, of the amount of any senior tranche of a mortgage that is syndicated by the Manager to a third party investor on behalf of the Company, where the Company retains the corresponding subordinated portion.

For Q1 2020, the Company incurred \$198 (Q1 2019 – \$141) in servicing fees. The increase is related to the increase in the average syndications balance during the quarter.

#### General and administrative

For Q1 2020, the Company incurred general and administrative expenses of \$482 (Q1 2019 – \$417). General and administrative expenses consist mainly of audit fees, professional fees, director fees, other operating costs and administration of the mortgage and other investments portfolio. The increase in general and administrative expense is primarily due one-time adjustment in professional fees which resulted in lower general and administrative expense in Q1 2019.

## Interest on credit facility - mortgage investments

Interest on the credit facility is recorded in financing costs using the effective interest rate method. For Q1 2020, included in financing costs is interest on the credit facility of 4.4 million (Q1 2019 – 5.0 million) and financing costs amortization of 205 (Q1 2019 – 398). The average credit utilization in Q1 2020 was 458.5 million compared to 450.6 million in Q1 2019. The decrease of interest expense over the comparable 2019 period is related to the overall reduction in borrowing cost.

#### Interest on credit facility – investment properties

Interest on the credit facility is recorded in financing costs using the effective interest rate method. For the three months ended March 31, 2020, included in financing costs is interest on the credit facility of \$251 (Q1 2019 - \$367) and financing costs amortization of \$10 (Q1 2019 - \$15).

## Financing cost on convertible debentures

The Company has \$45.8 million of 5.40% convertible unsecured subordinated debentures, \$46.0 million of 5.45% convertible unsecured subordinated debentures and \$45.0 million of 5.30% convertible unsecured subordinated debentures outstanding as at March 31, 2020. Interest costs related to the debentures are recorded in financing costs using the effective interest rate method. Interest on the debentures is included in financing costs and is made up of the following:

	Three months ended March 31			
	2020		2019	
Interest on the convertible debentures	\$ 1,842	\$	1,841	
Amortization of issue costs and accretion of the convertible debentures	358		355	
Total financing cost on convertible debentures	\$ 2,200	\$	2,196	

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For the three months ended March 31, 2020

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## Earnings per share

For Q1 2020, basic and diluted earnings per share were \$0.09 and basic and diluted adjusted earnings per share were \$0.16 (Q1 2019 – \$0.16 basic and diluted and \$0.16 basic and diluted adjusted earnings per share).

In accordance with IFRS, convertible debentures are considered for potential dilution in the calculation of the diluted earnings per share. Each series of convertible debentures is considered individually and only those with dilutive effect on earnings are included in the diluted earnings per share calculation. Convertible debentures that are considered dilutive are required by IFRS to be included in the diluted earnings per share calculation notwithstanding that the conversion price of such convertible debentures may exceed the market price and book value of the Company's common shares.

Diluted earnings per share are calculated by adding back the interest expense relating to the dilutive convertible debentures to total net income and comprehensive income and increasing the weighted average number of common shares by treating the dilutive convertible debentures as if they had been converted on the later of the beginning of the reporting period or issuance date.

#### STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

## **Net Mortgage Investments**

The Company's exposure to the financial returns is related to the net mortgage investments as mortgage syndication liabilities are non-recourse mortgages with periodic variance having no impact on Company's financial performance.

Reconciliation of gross and net mortgage investments balance is as follows:

Net Mortgage Investments	March 31, 2020	December 31, 2019
Mortgage investments, excluding mortgage syndications	\$ 1,187,632 \$	1,240,747
Mortgage syndications	479,591 \$	426,939
Mortgage investments, including mortgage syndications	1,667,223 \$	1,667,686
Mortgage syndication liabilities	(479,591)	(426,939)
	1,187,632	1,240,747
Interest receivable	(8,344)	(8,428)
Unamortized lender fees	9,157	9,460
Allowance for mortgage investments loss	2,670	2,303
Net mortgage investments	\$ 1,191,115 \$	1,244,082

Net mortgage investments	Three months ended	Year ended
statistics and ratios <sup>1</sup>	March 31,	December 31,
	2020 2019	2019
Total number of mortgage investments	<b>131</b> 128	129
Average net mortgage investment	<b>\$ 9,098</b> \$ 9,598	\$ 9,524
Average net mortgage investment portfolio	<b>\$ 1,219,444</b> \$ 1,147,834	\$ 1,197,377
Weighted average interest rate for the period	<b>7.2%</b> 7.2%	7.2%
Weighted average lender fees for the period	<b>0.8%</b> 0.8%	1.0%
Turnover ratio	<b>14.8%</b> 11.2%	67.0%
Remaining term to maturity (years)	<b>1.3</b> 1.2	1.4
Net mortgage investments secured by cash-flowing properties	<b>85.2%</b> 86.2%	86.8%
Weighted average loan-to-value	<b>69.6%</b> 68.1%	70.5%

Refer to non-IFRS measures section.

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For the three months ended March 31, 2020

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#### Portfolio allocation

The Company's net mortgage investments were allocated across the following categories:

# a. Security position March 31, 2020 December 31, 2019 Net Mortgage Number Investments Number Investments

		Number	Investments	Number	Investments
Interes	t in first mortgages	117	\$ 1,108,411	114	\$ 1,125,797
Interes	t in second and third mortgages <sup>1</sup>	14	82,704	15	118,285
		131	\$ 1,191,115	129	\$ 1,244,082

<sup>1</sup>Included in the Company's interest in second and third mortgages as at March 31, 2020 was \$17.7 million of the net mortgage investments in which the Company holds subordinated position (December 31, 2019 - \$42.6 million). The Company's syndicated partners who hold senior position as at March 31, 2020 was \$45.4 million (December 31, 2019 - \$32.7 million).

b. Region March 31, 2020 December 31, 2019

	Number	Net Mortgage Investments	Number	Net Mortgage Investments
Ontario	65	\$ 566,054	65	\$ 535,622
British Columbia	28	265,970	29	297,580
Alberta	15	201,936	14	252,437
Quebec	13	125,431	11	109,092
Other (Saskatchewan, Nova Scotia and Manitoba)	10	31,724	10	49,351
	131	\$ 1,191,115	129	\$ 1,244,082

c. Maturity March 31, 2020 December 31, 2019

	Number	Net Mortgage Investments	Number	Net Mortgage Investments
2020	37	\$ 356,198	47	\$ 416,478
2021	58	493,760	59	543,274
2022	32	284,697	20	232,257
2023	3	51,960	3	52,073
2024 and thereafter	1	4,500	_	
	131	\$ 1,191,115	129	\$ 1,244,082

d. Asset Type March 31, 2020 December 31, 2019

				•				
	Number	Ne In	t Mortgage vestments	WALTV at origination <sup>3</sup>	Number	Ne I	et Mortgage nvestments	WALTV at origination <sup>3</sup>
Multi-Residential <sup>1</sup>	84	\$	645,930	74.2%	79	\$	673,585	74.0%
Retail	16		162,858	68.0%	19		192,749	69.1%
Unimproved Land <sup>2</sup>	10		110,780	49.4%	9		106,874	49.4%
Office	10		104,483	63.2%	10		105,936	62.6%
Retirement	3		78,175	74.1%	3		58,175	75.6%
Industrial	4		12,482	64.7%	5		30,187	66.6%
Single-Residential	1		1,574	69.5%	1		1,574	69.5%
Hotels	_		_	—%	_		_	—%
Self-Storage	_		_	—%	_		_	—%
	128		1,116,282	69.7%	126		1,169,080	69.8%
Net mortgage investments measured at FVTPL	3	,	74,833	n/a	3		75,002	n/a
	131	\$	1.191.115	_	129	\$	1.244.082	_

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes 13 construction loans (December 31, 2019 - 7) totaling \$36.4 million (December 31, 2019 - \$26.7 million). Construction loan is provided for the purposes of building a new asset.

<sup>3</sup> Weighted average loan-to-value measured at time of origination.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Unimproved land loan is provided to a non-income producing property that does not contemplate construction during the loan period.

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## Enhanced return portfolio

As at	March 31, 2020	<b>December 31, 2019</b>
Collateralized loans, net of allowance for credit loss	\$ 47,427	\$ 48,326
Finance lease receivable, measured at amortized cost	6,020	6,020
Investment, measured at FVTPL	5,454	4,949
Indirect real estate development, measured using equity method:		
Investment in Joint Venture	2,225	2,225
Total Other Investments	61,126	61,520
Investment properties	47,502	47,349
Credit facility (investment properties)	(30,626)	(30,622)
Net equity in investment properties	16,876	16,727
Total Enhanced Return Portfolio	\$ 78,002	\$ 78,247

During Q1 2020, the Company earned \$1.0 million (Q1 2019 - \$2.0 million) of interest income on collateralized loans in other investments in the enhanced return portfolio.

During Q1 2020, the Company earned lender fee income on other investments, net of fees relating to mortgage syndication liabilities, of \$45 (Q1 2019 – \$76). During Q1 2020, the Company received \$81 in lender fees from other investments (Q1 2019 – nil), which are amortized to lender fee income over the term of the related mortgage investments using the effective interest rate method.

During Q4 2017, the Company entered into an 20-year emphyteutic lease on a foreclosed property held for sale in Quebec, which had a fair value of \$5.4 million at the time of the transaction. Refer to note 4(e) of the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for the three months ended March 31, 2020 and 2019.

On August 16, 2017, the Company acquired a 20.46% undivided beneficial interest in the Saskatchewan Portfolio which is comprised of 14 investment properties totaling 1,079 units located in Saskatoon and Regina, Saskatchewan for a total purchase price of \$201.7 million (the Company's share is \$41.3 million). As at March 31, 2020, the Company's share of the investment properties has an aggregate fair value of \$47.5 million (December 31, 2019 – \$47.3 million) and are pledged as security for the credit facility of the co-ownership. The Company is entitled to receive incremental profits from the excess returns generated over certain thresholds.

## Mortgage syndication liabilities

The Company enters into certain mortgage participation agreements with third party lenders, using senior and subordinated participation, whereby the third-party lenders take the senior position and the Company retains the subordinated position. These agreements generally provide an option to the Company to repurchase the senior position, but not the obligation, at a purchase price equal to the outstanding principal amount of the lenders' proportionate share together with all accrued interest. The Company has mortgage syndication liabilities of \$479.6 million (December 31, 2019 – \$426.9 million). In general, mortgage syndication liabilities vary from quarter to quarter and are dependent on the type of investments seen at any particular time and are not necessarily indicative of a future trend.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

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# Allowance for Credit Losses ("ACL")

The allowance for credit losses is maintained at a level that management considers adequate to absorb credit-related losses on our mortgage and other investments. The allowance for credit losses amounted to \$2.7 million as at March 31, 2020 (December 31, 2019 - \$2.3 million), of which \$2.7 million (December 31, 2019 - \$2.3 million) was recorded against mortgage investments and \$25 (December 31, 2019 - \$25) was recorded against other investments.

	As at March 31, 2020 As at Decemb								
Multi-residential Mortgage Investments	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total	
Gross mortgage investments <sup>1</sup>	\$962,895	\$ 10,135	\$ 2,941	\$ 975,971	\$925,025	\$ —	\$ 2,903	\$927,928	
Mortgage syndication liabilities <sup>1</sup>	296,821	_	_	296,821	240,724	_	_	240,724	
Net mortgage investments	666,074	10,135	2,941	679,150	684,301	_	2,903	687,204	
Allowance for credit losses <sup>2</sup>	1,244	106	291	1,641	1,003	_	253	1,256	
	664,830	10,029	2,650	677,509	683,298	_	2,650	685,948	
Other Mortgage Investments	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total	
Gross mortgage investments <sup>1</sup>	626,139	_	3,133	629,272	674,306	_	3,102	677,408	
Mortgage syndication liabilities <sup>1</sup>	183,969	_	_	183,969	187,274	_	_	187,274	
Net mortgage investments	442,170		3,133	445,303	487,032	_	3,102	490,134	
Allowance for credit losses <sup>2</sup>	285	_	744	1,029	334	_	713	1,047	
	441,885	_	2,389	444,274	486,698	_	2,389	489,087	
Other loan Investments	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total	
Gross mortgage investments <sup>1</sup>	47,543	_	_	47,543	48,407	_	_	48,407	
Mortgage syndication liabilities <sup>1</sup>	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Net mortgage investments	47,543	_	_	47,543	48,407	_	_	48,407	
Allowance for credit losses <sup>2</sup>	25	_	_	25	25	_	_	25	
	\$ 47,518	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 47,518	\$ 48,382	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 48,382	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Including interest receivable

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Allowance for credit losses in finance lease receivable (note 4(e)) and unadvanced commitments (note 4(a)) are all considered to be in Stage 1 with minimal ACL.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the three months ended March 31, 2020 In thousands of Canadian dollars, except units, per unit amounts and where otherwise noted

The changes in the allowance for credit losses year to date are shown in the following tables:

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2020								Three Months Ended March 31, 2019						
Multi-residential Mortgage Investments		Stage 1		Stage 2		Stage 3		Total	Stage <sup>2</sup>		Stage 2		Stage 3		Total
Balance at beginning of period	\$	1,003	\$	_	\$	253 \$	\$	1,256	\$ 627	\$	_	\$	3	\$	630
Allowance for credit losses															
Remeasurement		157		101		38		296	7		_		58		65
Transfer to/(from)															
Stage 1		(5)		_		_		(5)	_		_		_		_
Stage 2		_		5		_		5	_		_		_		_
Stage 3		_		_					_				_		
Total allowance for credit losses		1,155		106		291		1,552	634		_		61		695
Fundings		182		_		_		182	163		_		_		163
Discharges		(93)		_		_		(93)	(62		_		_		(62)
Balance at end of fiscal period	\$	1,244	\$	106	\$	291 \$	\$	1,641	\$ 735	\$		\$	61	\$	796
Other Mortgage Investments		Stage 1		Stage 2		Stage 3		Total	Stage 7		Stage 2		Stage 3		Total
Balance at beginning of period	\$	334	\$	_	\$	713 \$	\$	1,047	\$ 200	\$	_	\$	587	\$	787
Allowance for credit losses															
Remeasurement		(71)		_		31		(40)	58		_		336		394
Transfer to/(from)															
Stage 1		_		_		_		_	_		_		_		_
Stage 2		_		_		_		_	_		_		_		_
Stage 3		_		_		_		_	_		_		_		_
Total allowance for credit losses		263		_		744		1,007	258		_		923		1,181
Fundings		36		_		_		36	46		_		_		46
Discharges		(14)		_		_		(14)	(15	)	_		_		(15)
Balance at end of fiscal period	\$	285	\$		\$	744 \$	\$	1,029	\$ 289	\$		\$	923	\$	1,212
Other loan Investments		Stage 1		Stage 2		Stage 3		Total	Stage <sup>2</sup>		Stage 2		Stage 3		Total
Balance at beginning of period	\$	25	\$	_	\$	— \$	\$	25	\$ 212	\$	_	\$	3	\$	215
Allowance for credit losses															
Remeasurement		_		_		_		_	_		_		_		_
Transfer to/(from)															
Stage 1		_		_		_		_	_		_		_		_
Stage 2		_		_		_		_	_		_		_		_
Stage 3		_		_		_		_	_		_		_		_
Total allowance for credit losses		25		_		_		25	212		_		3		215
Fundings		5		_		_		5	_		_		_		_
Discharges		(5)		_		_		(5)	(197	)	_		_		(197)
Balance at end of fiscal period	\$	25	\$	_	\$	<b>—</b> \$	\$	25	\$ 15	\$	_	\$	3	\$	18

The following table presents the gross carrying amounts of mortgage and other loan investments, net of syndication liabilities, subject to IFRS 9 impairment requirements by internal risk ratings used by the Company for credit risk management purposes.

In assessing credit risk, the Company utilizes a risk rating framework that considers the following factors: collateral type, property rank that is applicable to the Company's security and/or priority positions, loan-to-value and population of location of the collateral. In Q1 2020, the Company has enhanced this process to include an assessment of possible loan deterioration factors. These factors include consideration of the sponsorship's ability to make interest payments, the condition of the asset and cash flows, economic and market factors as well as any changes to business strategy that could affect the execution risk of the loan.

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The internal risk ratings presented in the table below are defined as follows:

Low Risk: Mortgage and loan investments that exceed the credit risk profile standard of the Company with a below average probability of default. Yields on these investments are expected to trend lower than the Company's average portfolio.

Medium-Low: Mortgage and loan investments that are typical for the Company's risk appetite, credit standards and retain a below average probability of default. These mortgage and loan investments are expected to have average yields and would represent a significant percentage of the overall portfolio.

Medium-High: Mortgage and loan investments within the Company's risk appetite and credit standards with an average probability of default. These investments typically carry attractive risk-return yield premiums.

High Risk: Mortgage and loan investments within the Company's risk appetite and credit standards that have an additional element of credit risk that could result in an above average probability of default. These mortgage and loan investments carry a yield premium in return for their incremental credit risk. These mortgage and loan investments are expected to represent a small percentage of the overall portfolio.

Default: Mortgage and loan investments that are 90 days past due and when there is objective evidence that there has been a deterioration of credit quality to the extent the Company no longer has reasonable assurance as to the timely collection of the full amount of principal and interest and/or when the Company has commenced enforcement remedies available to it under its contractual agreements.

	As at March 31, 2020 As at December 31, 2									
Multi-residential Mortgage Investments	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total		
Low risk	\$174,278			\$ 174,278	\$205,588			\$205,588		
Medium-Low risk	468.737	_	_	468.737	444.496	_	_	444,496		
Medium-High risk	23,059	_	_	23,059	34,217	_	_	34,217		
High risk	´ <u>—</u>	10,135	_	10,135	_	_	_	· —		
Default	_	· —	2,941	2,941	_	_	2,903	2,903		
Net	666,074	10,135	2,941	679,150	684,301	_	2,903	687,204		
Allowance for credit losses	1,244	106	291	1,641	1,003	_	253	1,256		
Mortgage investments <sup>1</sup>	664,830	10,029	2,650	677,509	683,298	_	2,650	685,948		
Other Mortgage Investments	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total		
Low risk	67,013	_	_	67,013	118,546	_	_	118,546		
Medium-Low risk	295,119	_	_	295,119	275,349	_	_	275,349		
Medium-High risk	63,069	_	_	63,069	82,054	_	_	82,054		
High risk	16,969	_	_	16,969	11,083	_	_	11,083		
Default			3,133	3,133	_		3,102	3,102		
Net	442,170	_	3,133	445,303	487,032	_	3,102	490,134		
Allowance for credit losses	285		744	1,029	334		713	1,047		
Mortgage investments <sup>1</sup>	441,885	_	2,389	444,274	486,698		2,389	489,087		
	01 4	01 0	01 0	<b>-</b>		01 0	01 0	<b></b>		
Other loan Investments	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total		
Low risk	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		
Medium-Low risk	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		
Medium-High risk		_	_			_	_			
High risk	47,543	_	_	47,543	48,407	_	_	48,407		
Default										
Net	47,543	_	_	47,543	48,407	_	_	48,407		
Allowance for credit losses	25			25	25			25		
Other loan Investments <sup>1</sup>	\$ 47,518	\$ <u> </u>	<u> </u>	\$ 47,518	\$ 48,432	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 48,382		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>net of allowance and mortgage syndications

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## **Net working capital**

Net working capital decreased by \$5.1 million to \$6.0 million at March 31, 2020 from \$11.1 million at December 31, 2019.

## **Credit facility (mortgage investments)**

The Company originally had \$400 million in credit facility with 10 Canadian banks and by the exercising accordion feature on February 13, 2018 and November 16, 2018, the Company increased the credit limit to \$500 million. The facility is secured by a general security agreement over the Company's assets and its subsidiaries and has a maturity date of December 20, 2021. On December 20, 2019, the Company amended the credit facility agreement (the "Fourth Amending Credit Agreement") to amend certain terms and conditions, including rates of interest.

The rates of interest and fees of the Fourth Amending Credit Agreement are either at the prime rate of interest plus 1.00% per annum (December 31, 2019 - prime rate of interest plus 1.00% per annum) or bankers' acceptances with a stamping fee of 2.00% (December 31, 2019 - 2.00%) and standby fee of 0.40% per annum (December 31, 2019 - 0.40%) on the unutilized credit facility balance. As at December 31, 2019, the Company's qualified credit facility limit, which is subject to a borrowing base as defined in the Fourth Amending Credit Agreement is \$500.0 million.

As at December 31, 2019, the Company entered into a 2-year interest rate swap contract (the "Contract") with 2 Canadian banks with notional value of \$250 million. Under the terms of the Contract, the Company is required to pay fixed rate of 2.02% and receive floating rate based on 1-month banker's acceptance. Net realized and unrealized fair value gain or loss from the Contract is recognized in statement of net income and comprehensive income. As at March 31, 2020, the Company recorded \$5.8 million in fair value loss (December 31, 2019 - nil), and the fair value gain or loss relating to the Contract is recorded in accordance with IFRS, which will expire at par upon maturity.

During the three months ended March 31, 2020, the Company incurred financing costs of \$35. The financing costs are netted against the outstanding balance of the credit facility and are amortized over the term of the new credit facility agreement.

# **Credit facility (investment properties)**

Concurrently with the Saskatchewan Portfolio acquisition, the Company and the co-owners originally entered into a credit facility agreement with a Schedule 1 Bank with a maturity date of August 10, 2019. Under the terms of the agreement, the co-ownership has a maximum available credit of \$162.6 million. The gross initial advance on the credit facility was \$144.6 million. The Company's share of the initial advance was \$29.6 million plus \$109 of unamortized financing costs.

On October 9,2019, the credit facility agreement was further amended (the "Amended and Restated Credit Agreement") to establish Tranche A, Tranche B and Tranche C credit facilities (the "Credit Facilities"). Under the amended terms, the maximum available credit is \$150 million. As at March 31, 2020, the co-owners borrowed \$150.0 million from the Credit Facilities. The Company's share of the outstanding amount in is \$30.7 million. The original credit facility provided the co-owners with the option to borrow at either the prime rate of interest plus 1.50% or at the bankers' acceptances with a stamping fee of 2.50% ("Canadian Dollar Loans"), or at LIBOR plus 2.50%. Under the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, the Credit Facilities consist of following:

1) Tranche A credit facility provides the co-owners have an option to borrow at either the prime rate of interest plus 1.00% or at the bankers' acceptances with a stamping fee of 2.00% ("Canadian Dollar Loans"), or at LIBOR plus 2.00%, with maturity date of October 9, 2021. The credit facility is secured by a first charge on specific assets with a gross carrying value of \$31.7 million. The Company's share of the carrying value is \$6.5 million

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- 2) Tranche B credit facility comprises of a commercial mortgage loan for certain properties defined as tranche B properties (the "Tranche B Properties") in the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, where terms and conditions are set forth in a rate lock agreement, with maturity date of October 9, 2020 and a locked in rate of 3.305%. The Tranche B credit facility is secured by a first charge on the Tranche B Properties with a gross carrying value of \$39.7 million. The Company's share of the carrying value is \$8.1 million.
- 3) Tranche C credit facility comprises of a commercial mortgage loan for certain properties defined as tranche C properties (the "Tranche C Properties") in the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, where terms and conditions are set forth in a rate lock agreement, with maturity date of October 9, 2021 and a locked in rate of 3.114%. The Tranche C credit facility is secured by a first charge on the Tranche C Properties with a gross carrying value of \$78.6 million. The Company's share of the carrying value is \$16.1 million.

The co-owners of the Saskatchewan Portfolio (note 5) are each individually subject to financial covenants outlined in the investment properties credit facility agreement. Notwithstanding, the lender's recourse is limited to each co-owner's proportionate interest in the investment properties credit facility.

As at March 31, 2020, the co-owners borrowed \$150.0 million from the Credit Facilities. The Company's share of the outstanding amount in is \$30.7 million.

#### Convertible debentures

(a) On July 29, 2016, the Company completed a public offering of \$40,000, plus an overallotment option of \$5,800 on August 5, 2016, of 5.40% convertible unsecured subordinated debentures for net proceeds of \$43,498 (the "2016 debentures"). The 2016 debentures mature on July 31, 2021 and pay interest semi-annually on January 31 and July 31 of each year. The debentures are convertible into common shares at the option of the holder at any time prior to their maturity at a conversion price of \$10.05 per common share, subject to adjustment in certain events in accordance with the trust indenture governing the terms of the debentures.

The 2016 debentures are redeemable on and after July 31, 2019 and prior to July 31, 2020, by the Company, subject to certain conditions, in whole or in part, from time to time at the Company's sole option at a price equal to the principal amount thereof, plus accrued and unpaid interest up to, but excluding, the date of redemption, on not more than 60 days' and not less than 30 days' prior written notice, provided that the volume weighted average trading price of the common shares on the TSX during the 20 consecutive trading days ending on the fifth trading day preceding the date on which the notice of the redemption is given is not less than 125% of the conversion price. On or after July 31, 2020 and prior to the maturity date, the 2016 Debentures will be redeemable, in whole or in part, from time to time at the Company's sole option at a price equal to the principal amount thereof, plus accrued and unpaid interest up to, but excluding, the date of redemption, on not more than 60 days' and not less than 30 days' prior written notice.

Upon issuance of the debentures, the liability component of the debentures was recognized initially at the fair value of a similar liability that does not have an equity conversion option. The difference between these two amounts, which is \$226, has been recorded as equity with the remainder allocated to long-term debt. The discount on the debentures is being accreted such that the liability at maturity will equal the face value of \$45,800. The issue costs of \$2,302 were proportionately allocated to the liability and equity components. The issue costs allocated to the liability component are amortized over the term of the debentures using the effective interest rate method.

(b) On February 7, 2017, the Company completed a public offering of \$40,000, plus an overallotment option of \$6,000, of 5.45% convertible unsecured subordinated debentures for net proceeds of \$43,663 (the "February 2017 debentures"). The February 2017 debentures mature on March 31, 2022 and pay interest semi-annually on September 30 and March 31 of each year. The debentures are convertible into common shares at the option of the holder at any time prior to their maturity at a conversion price of \$10.05 per common share, subject to adjustment in certain events in accordance with the trust indenture governing the terms of the debentures.

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The February 2017 debentures are redeemable on and after March 31, 2020, but prior to March 31, 2021, the February 2017 Debentures will be redeemable, in whole or in part, from time to time at the Company's sole option at a price equal to the principal amount thereof, plus accrued and unpaid interest up to, but excluding, the date of redemption, on not more than 60 days' and not less than 30 days' prior written notice, provided that the volume weighted average trading price of the common shares on the TSX during the 20 consecutive trading days ending on the fifth trading day preceding the date on which the notice of the redemption is given is not less than 125% of the conversion price. On or after March 31, 2021 and prior to the maturity date, the February 2017 Debentures will be redeemable, in whole or in part, from time to time at the Company's sole option at a price equal to the principal amount thereof, plus accrued and unpaid interest up to, but excluding, the date of redemption, on not more than 60 days' and not less than 30 days' prior written notice.

Upon issuance of the debentures, the liability component of the debentures was recognized initially at the fair value of a similar liability that does not have an equity conversion option. The difference between these two amounts, which is \$607, has been recorded as equity with the remainder allocated to long-term debt. The discount on the debentures is being accreted such that the liability at maturity will equal the face value of \$46,000. The issue costs of \$2,240 were proportionately allocated to the liability and equity components. The issue costs allocated to the liability component are amortized over the term of the debentures using the effective interest rate method.

(c) On June 13, 2017, the Company completed a public offering of \$40,000, plus an overallotment option of \$5,000 on June 27, 2017, of 5.30% convertible unsecured subordinated debentures for net proceeds of \$42,774 (the "June 2017 debentures"). The June 2017 debentures mature on June 30, 2024 and pay interest semi-annually on June 30 and December 31 of each year. The debentures are convertible into common shares at the option of the holder at any time prior to their maturity at a conversion price of \$11.10 per common share, subject to adjustment in certain events in accordance with the trust indenture governing the terms of the debentures.

The June 2017 debentures are redeemable on and after June 30, 2020, but prior to June 30, 2022, the June 2017 Debentures will be redeemable, in whole or in part, from time to time at the Company's sole option at a price equal to the principal amount thereof, plus accrued and unpaid interest up to, but excluding, the date of redemption, on not more than 60 days' and not less than 30 days' prior written notice, provided that the volume weighted average trading price of the common shares on the TSX during the 20 consecutive trading days ending on the fifth trading day preceding the date on which the notice of the redemption is given is not less than 125% of the conversion price. On or after June 30, 2022 and prior to the maturity date, the June 2017 Debentures will be redeemable, in whole or in part, from time to time at the Company's sole option at a price equal to the principal amount thereof, plus accrued and unpaid interest up to, but excluding, the date of redemption, on not more than 60 days' and not less than 30 days' prior written notice.

Upon issuance of the debentures, the liability component of the debentures was recognized initially at the fair value of a similar liability that does not have an equity conversion option. The difference between these two amounts, which is \$560, has been recorded as equity with the remainder allocated to long-term debt. The discount on the debentures is being accreted such that the liability at maturity will equal the face value of \$45,000. The issue costs of \$2,226 were proportionately allocated to the liability and equity components. The issue costs allocated to the liability component are amortized over the term of the debentures using the effective interest rate method.

The convertible debentures are comprised of as follows:

	March 31, 2020	December 31, 2019
Issued	\$ 136,800	\$ 136,800
Unamortized financing cost and amount classified as equity component	(3,409)	(3,767)
Debentures, end of period	\$ 133,391	\$ 133,033

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Interest costs related to the convertible debentures are recorded in financing costs using the effective interest rate method. Interest on the debentures is included in financing costs and is made up of the following:

	Three m	ended March 31,	
	 2020		2019
Interest on the convertible debentures	\$ 1,842	\$	1,841
Amortization of issue costs and accretion of the convertible debentures	358		355
Total	\$ 2,200	\$	2,196

### SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

#### Common shares

The Company is authorized to issue an unlimited number of common shares. Holders of common shares are entitled to receive notice of and to attend and vote at all shareholder meetings as well as to receive dividends as declared by the Board of Directors.

The common shares are classified within shareholders' equity in the statements of financial position. Any incremental costs directly attributable to the issuance of common shares are recognized as a deduction from shareholders' equity.

#### (a) At-the-market equity program (the"ATM Program")

The Company announced on June 21, 2018 that it has established an ATM Program that allows the Company to issue common shares from treasury having an aggregate gross sales amount of up to \$70 million to the public from time to time, at the Company's discretion. Sales of the common shares under the equity distribution agreement were made through "at-the-market distributions" as defined in National Instrument 44-102 - Shelf Distributions, including sales made directly on the Toronto Stock Exchange (the "TSX"). The common shares distributed under the ATM Program were at the market prices prevailing at the time of sale, and therefore prices varied between purchasers and over time. Net proceeds of the ATM Program were used to repay amounts owing under its secured revolving credit facility and the Company will subsequently draw on the credit facility for purposes of funding the purchase of new investments in accordance with i strategies, investment objectives and investment. The ATM Program was active between July 2018 to July 2019 and expired on January 11, 2020.

#### (b) Normal course issuer bid ("NCIB")

On March 26, 2020, the Company announced that the TSX approved the Company's normal course issuer bid (the "NCIB") to repurchase for cancellation up to 8,309,785 common shares over a 12-month period. Repurchases under the NCIB commenced on March 30, 2020 and will continue until March 29, 2021, when bid expires, or such earlier date as the Company has repurchased the maximum number of common shares permitted under the bid.

The Company may repurchase under the NCIB by means of open market transactions or otherwise as permitted by the TSX. All repurchases under the NCIB will be repurchased on the open market through the facilities of the TSX and alternative Canadian trading platforms at the prevailing market price at the time of such transaction.

For the three months ended March 31, 2020, the Company repurchased 106,564 common shares (Q1 2019 – nil) for total amount of \$753 (Q1 2019 – nil) at an average price of \$7.07 per common share on the trade date basis, which were settled and canceled subsequent to March 31, 2020.

#### (c) Dividend reinvestment plan ("DRIP")

The DRIP provided eligible beneficial and registered holders of common shares with a means to reinvest dividends declared and payable on such common shares into additional common shares. Under the DRIP, shareholders could

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enroll to have their cash dividends reinvested to purchase additional common shares. The common shares can be purchased from the open market based upon the prevailing market rates or from treasury at a price of 98% of the average of the daily volume weighted average closing price on the TSX for the 5 trading days preceding payment, the price of which will not be less than the book value per common share.

For the three months ended March 31, 2020, nil common shares were purchased on the open market (Q1 2019 – 36,866) and 117,818 (Q1 2019 – 84,915) common shares were issued from treasury at an average price of \$9.62 per common share.

#### (d) Dividends to holders of common shares

The Company intends to pay dividends to holders of common shares monthly within 15 days following the end of each month. For the three months ended March 31, 2020, the Company declared dividends of \$14.4 million, or \$0.17 per common share (Q1 2019 – \$14.1 million, \$0.17 per share).

As at March 31, 2020, \$4.8 million in aggregate dividends (December 31, 2019 – \$4.8 million) was payable to the holders of common shares by the Company. Subsequent to March 31, 2020, the Board of Directors of the Company declared dividends of \$0.0575 per common share to be paid on May 15, 2020 to the common shareholders of record on April 30, 2020.

## Non-executive director deferred share unit plan ("DSU Plan")

Commencing June 30, 2016, the Company instituted a non-executive director deferred share unit plan, whereby a director can elect up to 100% of the compensation be paid in the form of DSUs, credited quarterly in arrears. The portion of a director's compensation which is not payable in the form of DSUs shall be paid by the Company in cash, quarterly in arrears. The fair market value of the DSU is the volume weighted average price of a common share as reported on the TSX for the 20 trading days immediately preceding that day (the "Fair Market Value"). The directors are entitled to also accumulate additional DSUs equal to the monthly cash dividends, on the DSUs already held by that director determined based on the Fair Market Value of the common shares on the dividend payment date.

Following each calendar quarter, the director DSU accounts will be credited with the number of DSUs calculated by multiplying the total compensation payable in DSUs divided by the Fair Market Value. Until June 30, 2018, each director was also entitled to an additional 25% of DSUs that are issued in the quarter up to a maximum value of \$5 per annum.

The DSU plan will pay a lump sum payment in cash equal to the number of DSUs held by each director multiplied by the Fair Market Value as of the 24<sup>th</sup> business day after publication of the Company's financial statements following a director's departure from the Board of Directors.

During Q1 2020, 9,387 units were issued (Q1 2019 - 7,638) and as at March 31, 2020, 93,695 units were outstanding (December 31, 2019 - 84,308). No DSUs were exercised or canceled, resulting in a DSU expense of \$99 (Q1 2019 - \$82). As at March 31, 2020, \$99 (December 31, 2019 - \$86) in compensation was granted in DSUs, which will be issued subsequent to March 31, 2020.

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#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

## **Cash from operating activities**

Cash from operating activities for Q1 2020 was \$20.7 million (Q1 2019 – \$21.4 million).

## Cash used in financing activities

Cash used in financing activities for Q1 2020 consisted of the Company's net repayments on the operating credit facility of \$58.0 million (Q1 2019 - \$9.6 million of net advances). The Company received net proceeds of nil from the issuance of common shares (Q1 2019 - \$3.5 million). The Company paid interest on the debentures and credit facilities of \$6.9 million (Q1 2019 - \$5.8 million), paid common share dividends of \$13.2 million (Q1 2019 - \$13.0 million) and repurchased common shares under dividend reinvestment plan of nil (Q1 2019 - \$338). The net cash used in financing activities for Q1 2020 was \$78.1 million (Q1 2019 - \$6.0 million used in financing activities).

## Cash from (used in) investing activities

Net cash from investing activities in Q1 2020 was \$54.6 million (Q1 2019 - \$15.5 million used in) and consisted of the funding of net mortgage investments of \$125.3 million (Q1 2019 - \$152.4 million), offset by repayments of net mortgage investments of \$178.9 million (Q1 2019 - \$134.3 million), funding of other investments of \$6.7 million (Q1 2019 - \$2.3 million), offset by repayments of other investments of \$8.0 million (Q1 2019 - \$4.6 million), net addition to investment properties of \$153 (Q1 2019 - \$104), and net loss on maturing of forward contracts of \$190 (Q1 2019 - \$362 net proceeds).

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# QUARTERLY FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The following is a quarterly summary of the Company's results for the eight most recently completed quarters:

	Q1	2020	Q4 2019	Q3 2019	Q2 2019	Q1 2019	Q4 2018	Q3 2018	Q2 2018
Net investment income	\$ 2	4,088	\$ 25,207	\$ 24,742	\$ 24,976	\$ 24,512	\$ 25,169	\$ 24,465	\$ 23,477
Net rental income		360	414	359	351	316	358	135	179
Expenses	(-	4,164)	(3,994)	(3,769)	(4,005)	(4,095)	(3,866)	(3,774)	(3,752)
Income from operations	2	0,284	21,627	21,332	21,322	20,733	21,661	20,826	19,904
Other income, net		_	_	_	_	413	1,217	_	_
Net operating loss from FPHFS		_	_	_	_	_	(15)	(18)	(5)
Fair value loss of FPHFS		_	_	_	_	_	(29)	(40)	(40)
Financing costs:									
Financing cost on credit facilities	(-	4,855)	(5,323)	(5,216)	(5,531)	(5,816)	(5,368)	(4,836)	(4,111)
Financing cost on convertible debentures	(	2,200)	(2,203)	(2,203)	(2,199)	(2,196)	(2,203)	(2,224)	(3,321)
Fair value loss on derivative contract (interest rate swap)	(	5,804)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total financing costs	(1	2,859)	(7,526)	(7,419)	(7,730)	(8,012)	(7,571)	(7,060)	(7,432)
Total net income and comprehensive income (basic)	\$	7,425	\$ 14,101		\$ 13,592	, ,	\$ 15,263	\$ 13,708	
Total net income and comprehensive income (diluted)	\$	7,425	\$ 16,304	\$ 15,422	\$ 14,335	\$ 13,134	\$ 17,466	\$ 15,911	\$ 12,427
Adjusted for:									
Fair value loss on derivative contract (interest rate swap)	\$	5,804	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total adjusted net income and comprehensive income (basic) <sup>1</sup>	\$ 1	3,229	\$ 14,101	\$ 13,913	\$ 13,592	\$ 13,134	\$ 15,263	\$ 13,708	\$ 12,427
Total adjusted net income and comprehensive income (diluted) <sup>1</sup>	\$ 1	3,229	\$ 16,304	\$ 15,422	\$ 14,335	\$ 13,134	\$ 17,466	\$ 15,911	\$ 12,427
Earnings per share (basic)	\$	0.09	\$ 0.17	\$ 0.17	\$ 0.16	\$ 0.16	\$ 0.19	\$ 0.17	\$ 0.16
Earnings per share (diluted)	\$	0.09	\$ 0.17	\$ 0.17	\$ 0.16	\$ 0.16	\$ 0.18	\$ 0.17	\$ 0.16
Adjusted earnings per share (basic) <sup>1</sup>	\$	0.16	\$ 0.17	\$ 0.17	\$ 0.16	\$ 0.16	\$ 0.19	\$ 0.17	\$ 0.16
Adjusted earnings per share (diluted) <sup>1</sup>	\$	0.16	\$ 0.17	\$ 0.17	\$ 0.16	\$ 0.16	\$ 0.18	\$ 0.17	\$ 0.16
Distributable income <sup>1</sup>	\$ 1	4,394	\$ 15,555	\$ 15,888	\$ 13,690	\$ 14,208	\$ 16,302	\$ 14,818	\$ 15,477
Distributable income per share <sup>1</sup>	\$	0.17	\$ 0.19	\$ 0.19	\$ 0.17	\$ 0.17	\$ 0.20	\$ 0.19	\$ 0.20

Refer to non-IFRS measures section.

The variations in total net income and comprehensive income by quarter are mainly attributed to the following:

- In any given quarter, the Company is subject to volatility from portfolio turnover from both scheduled and early repayments. As a result, net interest income is susceptible to quarterly fluctuations. The Company models the portfolio throughout the year factoring in both scheduled and probable repayments, and the corresponding new mortgage advances, to determine its distributable income on a calendar year basis;
- ii. In any given quarter, the Company is subject to volatility from fair value adjustments to FPHFS and allowance for mortgage investments resulting in fluctuations in quarterly total net income and comprehensive income;
- iii. The utilization of the credit facility to fund mortgage investments results in higher net interest income, which is partially offset by higher financing costs.

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# **RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

As at March 31, 2020, due to Manager mainly includes management and servicing fees payable of \$1.1 million (December 31, 2019 - \$1.1 million).

As at March 31, 2020, included in other assets is \$7.8 million (December 31, 2019 – \$9.0 million) of cash held in trust by Timbercreek Mortgage Servicing Inc. ("TMSI"), the Company's mortgage servicing and administration provider, a company controlled by the Manager. The balance relates to mortgage and other loan funding holdbacks, repayments and prepaid mortgage interest received from various borrowers.

As at March 31, 2020, the Company and Timbercreek Four Quadrant Global Real Estate Partners ("T4Q") and Timbercreek Real Estate Financing U.S. Holding LP ("TREF") are related parties as they are managed by wholly owned subsidiary of the Manager, and they have co-invested in 31 (December 31, 2019 – 29) gross mortgage investments totaling \$288.2 million (December 31, 2019 – \$349.0 million). The Company's share in these gross mortgage investments is \$157.4 million (December 31, 2019 – \$202.9 million). Included in these amounts is one net mortgage investment (December 31, 2019 – one) totaling \$18.6 million (December 31, 2019 – \$18.4 million) loaned to limited partnerships in which T4Q is invested.

As at March 31, 2020, the Company and T4Q invested in one indirect real estate development through one investee, totaling \$2.2 million (December 31, 2019 – one indirect real estate development through one investee, totaling \$2.2 million).

As at March 31, 2020, the Company is invested in junior debentures of Timbercreek Ireland Private Debt Designated Activity Company totaling \$5.5 million or €3.5 million (December 31, 2019 – \$4.9 million or €3.4 million), which is included in loan investments within other investments. Timbercreek Ireland Private Debt Designated Activity Company is managed by a wholly owned subsidiary of the Manager.

As part of the Saskatchewan Portfolio co-ownership, the Company, T4Q and a third-party co-owner have entered into property management agreements with the Manager. The Manager provides property and leasing services to each of the properties and is entitled to receive property management and capital improvements service fees (the "Property Management Fees") at the disclosed rates in the agreements. For the three months ended March 31, 2020, Property Management Fees of \$36 was charged by the Manager to the Company (Q1 2019 – \$37). As at March 31, 2020, \$12 was payable to the Manager (December 31, 2019 – \$12).

### **COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

In the ordinary course of business activities, the Company may be contingently liable for litigation and claims arising from investing in mortgage investments and other investments. Where required, management records adequate provisions in the accounts.

Although it is not possible to accurately estimate the extent of potential costs and losses, if any, management believes that the ultimate resolution of such contingencies would not have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position.

### CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

In the preparation of the Company's unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements, Timbercreek Asset Management Inc. (the "Manager") has made judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of the Company's accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to estimates are recognized prospectively.

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In making estimates, the Manager relies on external information and observable conditions where possible, supplemented by internal analysis as required. Those estimates and judgements have been applied in a manner consistent with the prior period and there are no known trends, commitments, events or uncertainties, other than potential effects of the COVID-19 pandemic, that the Manager believes will materially affect the methodology or assumptions utilized in making those estimates and judgements in these unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

Beginning March 2020, the outbreak of the novel strain of coronavirus, specifically identified as "COVID-19", has resulted in governments worldwide enacting emergency measures to contain the spread of the virus. The COVID-19 outbreak has had a notable impact on general economic conditions, including but not limited to the temporary closures of many businesses; "shelter in place" and other governmental regulations; and reduced consumer spending due to both job losses and other effects attributable to COVID-19 which has resulted in an uncertain and challenging economic environment that could negatively impact the Company's operations and financial results in future periods. Given the unprecedented and pervasive impact of changing circumstances surrounding the COVID-19 pandemic, there is inherently more uncertainty associated with the Company's future operating assumptions and expectations as compared to prior periods. As such, it is not possible to forecast with certainty the duration and full scope of the economic impact of COVID-19 and other consequential changes it will have on the Company's estimate of allowance for credit losses and investments measured at FVTPL, both in the short term and in the long term.

The near-term impacts of COVID-19 are primarily with respect to interest collections and mortgage investment discharges. Subsequent to March 31, 2020, the Company collected approximately 98.4% of April 2020 interest payments which is materially in line with historical collection rates. The Company is actively working with borrowers on a case-by-case basis on deferral arrangements. Up to the date of these unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements, less than 2.0% of borrowers have requested deferred payment plans.

The allowance for credit losses and carrying value for the Company's investments measured at FVTP reflect its best estimate. Actual results may differ materially from the Company's current estimates as the scope of COVID-19 evolves or if the duration of business disruptions is longer than initially anticipated.

The significant estimates and judgements used in determining the recorded amount for assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements are as follows:

#### Measurement of fair values

The Company's accounting policies and disclosures require the measurement of fair values for both financial and non-financial assets and liabilities.

When measuring the fair value of an asset or liability, the Company uses market observable data where possible. Fair values are categorized into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows:

- Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices).
- Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs).

The Company reviews significant unobservable inputs and valuation adjustments. If third party information, such as broker quotes or appraisals are used to measure fair values, the Company will assess the evidence obtained from the third parties to support the conclusion that such valuations meet the requirements of IFRS, including the level in the fair value hierarchy in which such valuations should be classified.

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The information about the assumptions made in measuring fair value is included in the following notes of the Company's interim condensed consolidated financial statements:

Note 4 – Mortgage and other investments, including mortgage syndications;

Note 5 - Investment properties; and

Note 18 – Fair value measurements.

#### Measurement of expected credit loss

The determination of the allowance for credit losses takes into account different factors and varies by nature of investment. These judgments include changes in circumstances that may cause future assessments of credit risk to be materially different from current assessments, which would require an increase or decrease in the allowance of credit loss. Refer to note 4(d) of the Company's interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

#### Syndication liabilities

The Company applies judgement in assessing the relationship between parties with which it enters into participation agreements in order to assess the derecognition of transfers relating to mortgage and other investments.

#### Classification of mortgage and other investments

Mortgage investments and other loan investments are classified based on the business model for managing assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the asset. The Company exercises judgment in determining both the business model for managing the assets and whether cash flows of the financial asset comprise solely payments of principal and interest.

#### Convertible debentures

The Company exercises judgement in determining the allocation of the debt and equity components of convertible debentures. The liability allocation is based upon the fair value of a similar liability that does not have an equity conversion option and the residual value is allocated to the equity component.

#### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies applied by the Company in the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements are the same, except for as noted below, as those applied by the Company in its consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2019, which were prepared in accordance with IFRS.

#### Changes in accounting policies

#### Amendments to References to the Conceptual Framework in IFRS Standards

On March 29, 2018 the IASB issued a revised version of its Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting (the Framework), that underpins IFRS Standards. The IASB also issued Amendments to References to the Conceptual Framework in IFRS Standards to update references in IFRS Standards to previous versions of the Conceptual Framework. Both documents are effective from January 1, 2020 with earlier application permitted.

The Company has adopted the amendments in its financial statements for the period beginning January 1, 2020. The implementation of the amendments did not have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

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Definition of Material (Amendments to IAS 1 and IAS 8)

On October 31, 2018, the IASB refined its definition of material and removed the definition of material omissions or misstatements from IAS 8. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2020. Early adoption is permitted.

The definition of material has been aligned across IFRS Standards and the Framework. The amendments provide a definition and explanatory paragraphs in one place.

Pursuant to the amendments, information is material if omitting, misstating or obscuring it could reasonably be expected to influence decisions that the primary users of general purpose financial statements make on the basis of those financial statements, which provide financial information about a specific reporting entity.

The Company has adopted the amendments to IAS 1 and IAS 8 in its financial statements for the period beginning January 1, 2020. The implementation of the amendments did not have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

#### **OUTSTANDING SHARE DATA**

As at May 4, 2020, the Company's authorized capital consists of an unlimited number of common shares, of which 82,641,500 are issued and outstanding.

## **CAPITAL STRUCTURE AND LIQUIDITY**

### **Capital structure**

The Company manages its capital structure in order to support ongoing operations while focusing on its primary objectives of preserving shareholder capital and generating a stable monthly cash dividend to shareholders. The Company believes that the conservative amount of structural leverage gained from the debentures and credit facility is accretive to net earnings, appropriate for the risk profile of the business. The Company anticipates meeting all of its contractual liabilities (described below) using its mix of capital structure and cash flow from operating activities.

The Company reviews its capital structure on an ongoing basis and adjusts its capital structure in response to mortgage investment opportunities, the availability of capital and anticipated changes in general economic conditions.

## Liquidity

Access to liquidity is an important element of the Company as it allows the Company to implement its investment strategy. The Company is, and intends to continue to be, qualified as a MIC as defined under Section 130.1(6) of the ITA and, as a result, is required to distribute not less than 100% of the taxable income of the Company to its shareholders. The Company manages its liquidity position through various sources of cash flows including cash generated from operations and credit facilities. The Company has a borrowing ability of \$500.0 million through its credit facility – mortgage investments and \$30.7 million through its credit facility – investment properties and intends to utilize the credit facility to fund mortgage investments, and other working capital needs. As at March 31, 2020, the Company is in compliance with its credit facilities covenants and expects to remain in compliance going forward.

The Company routinely forecasts cash flow sources and requirements, including unadvanced commitments, to ensure cash is efficiently utilized.

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The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities, excluding mortgage syndication liabilities as at March 31, 2020, including expected interest payments:

	Carrying value	С	cash flow	Within a year	Following year	3-5 years
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 5,892	\$	5,892	\$ 5,892	\$ — \$	
Dividends payable	4,794		4,794	4,794	_	_
Due to Manager	1,142		1,142	1,142	_	_
Mortgage and other loans funding holdbacks	2,485		2,485	2,485	_	_
Prepaid mortgage and other loans interest	5,090		5,090	5,090	_	_
Derivative liability (interest rate swap contract)	5,804		5,804	3,245	2,559	_
Credit facility (mortgage investments) <sup>1</sup>	401,936		425,139	12,896	412,243	_
Credit facility (investment properties) <sup>2</sup>	30,626		31,935	8,986	22,949	_
Convertible debentures <sup>3</sup>	133,391		137,396	137,396	_	_
	\$ 591,160	\$	619,677	\$ 181,926	\$ 437,751 \$	_
Unadvanced mortgage commitments <sup>4</sup>	_		265,316	265,316	_	_
Total contractual liabilities, excluding mortgage syndication liabilities <sup>5</sup>	\$ 591,160	\$	884,993	\$ 447,242	\$ 437,751 \$	_

- Credit facility (mortgage investments) includes interest based upon March 2020 weighted average interest rate on the credit facility assuming the outstanding balance is not repaid until its maturity on December 18, 2021.
- Credit facility (investment properties) includes interest based upon March 2020 weighted average interest rate on the credit facility assuming the outstanding balance is not repaid until its maturity on October 9, 2020.
- The 2016 and February 2017 debentures are assumed to be redeemed within a year as they are redeemable as at the reporting date and the June 2017 debentures are assumed to be redeemed on June 30, 2020 as they are redeemable on and after June 30, 2020.
- 4 Unadvanced mortgage commitments include syndication commitments of which \$117.7 million belongs to the Company's syndicated partners.
- The principal repayments of \$478.8 million mortgage syndication liabilities by contractual maturity date is shown net with mortgage investments in note 4(b).

As at March 31, 2020, the Company had a cash position of \$6.1 million (December 31, 2019 – \$9.0 million), an unutilized credit facility (mortgage investments) balance of \$97.0 million (December 31, 2019 – \$39.0 million) and an unutilized credit facility (investment properties) balance of nil (December 31, 2019 – nil). The Management believes it will be able to finance its operations using the cash flow generated from operations, investing activities and the credit facilities.

As at March 31, 2020, unadvanced mortgage commitments under the existing gross mortgage investments amounted to \$265.3 million (December 31, 2019 – \$211.8 million) of which \$117.7 million (December 31, 2019 – \$81.3 million) belongs to the Company's syndicated partners. The Company expects the syndication partners to fund their respective commitments.

### FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

#### Financial assets

The Company's cash and cash equivalents, other assets, mortgage investments and other investments, including mortgage syndications, are designated as loans and receivables and are measured at amortized cost. The fair values of cash and cash equivalents and other assets approximate their carrying amounts due to their short-term nature. The fair value of mortgage investments, including mortgage syndications, approximate their carrying value given the mortgage and other investments consist of short-term mortgages that are repayable at the option of the borrower without yield maintenance or penalties.

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#### Financial liabilities

The Company's accounts payable and accrued expenses, dividends payable, due to Manager, mortgage funding holdbacks, prepaid mortgage interest, credit facility, convertible debentures, derivative liability (interest rate swap contract) and mortgage syndication liabilities are designated as other financial liabilities and are measured at amortized cost. With the exception of convertible debentures and mortgage syndication liabilities, the fair value of these financial liabilities approximate their carrying amounts due to their short-term nature. The fair value of mortgage syndication liabilities approximate their carrying value given the mortgage investments consist of short-term mortgages that are repayable at the option of the borrower without yield maintenance or penalties. The fair value of the convertible debentures is based on the market trading price of convertible debentures at the reporting date.

#### **RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES**

The Company is subject to certain risks and uncertainties that may affect the Company's future performance and its ability to execute on its investment objectives. We have processes and procedures in place in an attempt to control or mitigate certain risks, while other risks cannot be or are not mitigated. Material risks that cannot be mitigated include a significant decline in the general real estate market, interest rates changing markedly, being unable to make mortgage investments at rates consistent with rates historically achieved, not having adequate mortgage investment opportunities presented to us, change in currency rates and not having adequate sources of bank financing available. There have been no changes to the Company, which may affect the overall risk of the Company.

#### Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of financial assets or financial liabilities will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. As of March 31, 2020, \$987.3 million of net mortgage investments and \$7.1 million of other investments bear interest at variable rates (December 31, 2019 - \$992.3 million and \$6.6 million, respectively). \$981.7 million of net mortgage investments have a "floor rate" (December 31, 2019 - \$917.2 million). If there were a decrease or increase of 0.50% in interest rates, with all other variables constant, the impact from variable rate mortgage investments and other investments would be a decrease in net income of \$42 or an increase in net income of \$4.9 million, respectively (Q1 2019 - \$1.9 million and \$4.2 million, respectively). The Company manages its sensitivity to interest rate fluctuations by managing the fixed/floating ratio in its investment portfolio.

The Company is also exposed to interest rate risk on the credit facilities, which has a balance of \$433.7 million as at March 31, 2020 (December 31, 2019 - \$491.7 million). During Q4 2019, the Company entered into the Contract (refer to note 6(a) of unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2020 and 2019) which reduced the exposure in interest rate risk. As at March 31, 2020, net exposure to interest rate risk was \$159.5 million (December 31, 2019 - \$217.5 million), and assuming it was outstanding for the entire period, a 0.50% decrease or increase in interest rates, with all other variables constant, will increase or decrease net income by \$797 (Q1 2019 - \$2.6 million).

The Company's other assets, interest receivable, accounts payable and accrued expenses, prepaid mortgage interest, mortgage funding holdbacks, dividends payable and due to Manager have no significant exposure to interest rate risk due to their short-term nature. Cash and cash equivalents carry a variable rate of interest and are subject to minimal interest rate risk and the debentures have no exposure to interest rate risk due to their fixed interest rate.

## **Currency risk**

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company is exposed to currency risk primarily from other investments and credit facility investment properties that are denominated in a currency other than the Canadian dollar. The Company uses foreign currency forwards and swaps to approximately economically hedge the principal balance of future earnings

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For the three months ended March 31, 2020

In thousands of Canadian dollars, except units, per unit amounts and where otherwise noted

and cash flows caused by movements in foreign exchange rates. Under the terms of the foreign currency forward and swap contracts, the Company buys or sells a currency against another currency at a set price on a future date. As at March 31, 2020, the Company has US\$5.1 million and €3.5 million in other investments denominated in foreign currencies (December 31, 2019 – US\$5.1 million and €3.4 million). The Company has entered into a series of foreign currency contracts to reduce the its exposure to foreign currency risk. As at March 31, 2020, the Company has one U.S. dollars currency contracts with an aggregate notional value of US\$5.1 million, at a weighted average forward contract rate of 1.3316, maturing in April 2020 and one Euro currency contract with an aggregate notional value of €3.5 million at a weighted average contract rate of 1.5491, maturing in April 2020. The Company has entered into a cross-currency swap to economically hedge with notional value of US\$4.7 million, which resets on a monthly basis. As a result, the Company is not exposed to any significant foreign currency risk.

The fair value of the foreign currency forward contracts as at March 31, 2020 is a liability of US\$389 which is included in accounts payable. The valuation of the foreign currency forward contracts was computed using Level 2 inputs which include spot and forward foreign exchange rates.

#### Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a borrower may be unable to honour its debt commitments as a result of a negative change in market conditions that could result in a loss to the Company. The Company mitigates this risk by the following:

- adhering to the investment restrictions and operating policies included in the asset allocation model (subject to certain duly approved exceptions);
- ii. ensuring all new mortgage and other investments are approved by the investment committee before funding;
- iii. actively monitoring the mortgage and other investments and initiating recovery procedures, in a timely manner, where required.

The exposure to credit risk at March 31, 2020 relating to net mortgages and other investments amount to \$1,264.9 million (December 31, 2019 – \$1,319.6 million).

The Company has recourse under these mortgages and the majority of other investments in the event of default by the borrowers; in which case, the Company would have a claim against the underlying collateral. Management believes that the potential loss from credit risk with respect to cash that is held in trust at a Schedule I bank by the Company's transfer agent and operating cash held also at a Schedule 1 bank, to be minimal.

The Company is exposed to credit risk from the collection of accounts receivable from tenants. The Manager routinely obtains credit history reports on prospective tenants before entering into a tenancy agreement.

## Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting its financial obligations as they become due. This risk arises in normal operations from fluctuations in cash flow as a result of the timing of mortgage investment advances and repayments and the need for working capital. Management routinely forecasts future cash flow sources and requirements to ensure cash is efficiently utilized. For a discussion of the Company's liquidity, cash flow from operations and mitigation of liquidity risk, see the "Capital Structure and Liquidity" section in this MD&A.

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# ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

### **Dividend Reinvestment Plan**

Timbercreek Financial offers a dividend reinvestment plan (DRIP) so that shareholders may automatically reinvest their dividends in new shares of Timbercreek Financial at a 2% discount from market price and with no commissions. This provides an easy way to realize the benefits of compound growth of their investment in Timbercreek Financial. Shareholders can enroll in the DRIP program by contacting their investment advisor or investment dealer.

#### **Phone**

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